THE PLYMOUTH INQUIRY.

THE COMMITTEE'S PLANS. PREPAR', TION OF THE REPORT-THE EVIDENCE, NOT TC, BE PRINTED AT ONCE-MR. TILTON'S LINE OF

ACTION. The Sub-Committee of the Plyvouth Committee of Inquiry met in a very retired v/ay at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and considered the draft of the re-port, which had been prepared by Mr. Winslow. Their deliberations were not very extended, but, as one of the embers stated, they were sufficient to end the work of the Sub-Committee as a separate organization, the result of their labors being turned over to the whole Committee, which was called together in the evening. It was learned from the Sub-Committee that the report, as they had settled upon it, made a separate paper of no great length. It occupies perhaps 20 foolscap pages. Then there is the summary of the evidence, which is considerably longer, and may take a couple of newspaper columns. The evidence is not ready for publication yet, and some members of the Committee say that it may not see the light for weeks. There is no haste about it, they say, as the most importstatements have already come before the public, and there may not be much work done on it till after the members of the Committee have taken a vacation to no part of the testimony will be presented to the Church this evening with the report and the summary, and when it is published it will be through the action of the Church, and not of the Committee. The time of the meeting will be so taken up to-night with the Committee's documents and the action upon them that it is anticipated there will be either no prayer-meeting at all or a very short one.

The Committee of Inquiry held a very protracted and carefully secluded session last evening, considering the report which will be presented to the Church and Society this evening. Mr. Shearman expressed the opini that they were not busy upon any extensive modifica-tions of the matter, which the Sub-Committee prepared, but were occupied upon collateral questions, and in general discussion. There could be no difference of opinion, he said, nor any doubt about the character of the report, when there had been no evidence of weight brought against the accused.

Mr. Tilton was with Mr. Moulton a part of the day at the latter's residence. Mr. Moulton kept himself even more strictly secluded than during the preceding day. He was occupied with a stenographer, presumably upon revision and other labor concerning his forthcoming statement. It is stated by those intimately associated with Mr. Tilton that the latter's new statement, upon which he has been busy several days, will not be published until after that of Mr. Mourton appears—probably in the early part of next week. Mr. Tilton's chief counsel yesterday said that the service of papers in his suit against Mr. Beecher would not occur for several days. Mr. Morris will go to Columbia Springs again today or to-morrow, and no steps will be taken in the case till his return.

Mr. Tilton and Mr. Tilton's leading counsel were with Mr. Moulton a part of the evening. The latter refused to answer any questions about his statement.

A RECORD OF THE CONTROVERSY. THE INCIDENTS OF AN EVENTFUL STRUGGLE.

The great rush of events during the past eight months, relating directly or otherwise to the Tilton-Beecher scandal has made it almost impossible to keep the various phases of the affair distinctly in mind, and to attach to each incident its relative importance. The rumers, insinuations, references, and charges which go to form the scandal of the present have been gaining greater or less currency for a dozen years back; every business complication; every political difference, and every personal misunderstanding between those involved have excited suspicions of deeper enmittes and more exasperating causes than have ever been known. The literature bearing upon the case, if all collected, tial term, and the bitter personalities as unreasonable se any that the most exciting campaign could elicit. h a record of events as will furnish a brief history of the case, arranged with dates and following the order in which the circumstances occurred, has been collected and will be found to embrace everything of importance in the life of all the actors which in any way appertains to the story. The actual significance of each cannot be fully known until all the facts are laid bare. It is difficult to say when the first impressions unfavorable to was long before there was any public or even private break between them, and when he regarded him as his dearest and ablest adviser.

Theodore B. Tilton was born in New-York on Oct. 3,

1835, and was married to Edzabeth R. Richards by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher on Oct. 2, 1855, at the age of 20, having spent his boyhood and youth in the public emy. This couple after marriage boarded with Mrs. Tilten's mother in Livingston-st. until 1869. In the Spring of that year they began housekeeping in Oxfordst, where the y remained for three years or thereabouts. The following three years were spent with her mother, when they resumed housekeeping at No. 174 Livingstonfor short intervals. The prominent events in the publie and private life of Mr. Tilton, from his marriage until now, are here briefly recorded. Upon the retirement of the Rev. Dr. Leonard Bacon, the Rev. Richard S. Storrs, D. D., and the Ray. Joseph P. Thompson, D. D., in 1861, from the editorial chairs of The Independent, the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher assumed the editorial management of that paper. He was assisted by Theodore Tilton, who had been introduced to the paper by Daniel Burgess. Daring Mr. Beecher's absence in Europe in 1863, Mr. Tilton successfully managed the editorial pages, and soon after his return took the place of Mr. Beecher as Editor-in-Chief. Mr. Tilton was a member of Plymouth Church. As early as 1861, however, the expression which he had given to his religious views excited some criticism.

In 1862, if his memory and the truth serve him, Mr. Tilton says the "Bed-chamber Scene" occurred, and later he remembers the "Library Scene" to have excited, for a moment, his suspicions against Mr. Beecher. He has said also that in "the early part of the Rebellion," and this could not have been later than 1862, Mr. H. C. Bowen intimated to him that Mr. Beecher had Committed acts of adultery. In June, 1863, Henry C. Bowen wrote to Mr. Tiltan the letter which has been so frequently quoted, and in which were the following ominous sentences: "One word from me would make -a rebellion throughout Christendom I had almost said, and you know it." "I am not pursuing a phantom, but brooding over an awful reality." This letter contained

no name and no specified offense. In the Fall of 1863, Mr. Beecher wrote his famons letter to Mr. Thton from London, which was soon after printed in Mrs. Stowe's book, and which was then as now regarded as one of the most remarkable letters in

In April, 1865, Mr. Beecher and Mr. Tilton attended the flag-raising at Fort Sumier, when Mr. Tilton wrote the ing-rasing to the ing-rasing the speech of Mr. Beecher. In November, 1865, when Mr. Tilton had criticised the ponitical position of Mr. Beecher in relation to President Jonnson, he wrote the affectionate letter to Mr. Beecher, which has recently been published for the first time, in which, he says, after recounting the powerful influence he had ever exerted over his mind and life, "Now, therefore I want to say that if either long ago or lately, any word of mine, whether spoken or written, whether public or private, has given you pain or regret, blot it out from your memory, and in its place write your forgiveness for my sake. Moreover, if I should die, leaving you alive. I ask you to love my children for their lather's sake, who has taught them to reverence you, and to regard you as a man among men." This to The Independent highly praising the speech of Mr. Mr. Beecher, which has recently been published for the first time, in which, he says, after recounting the powerful influence he had ever exerted over his mind and hile, "Now, therefore I want to say that if either long ago or lately, any word of mine, whether spoken or written, whether public or private, has given you pain or regret, blot it out from your memory, and in its place write your forgiveness for my sake. Moreover, if I should die, leaving you aive, I ask you to love my children for their lather's sake, who has taught them to reverence you, and to regard you as a man among men." This does not indicate that the "library" and "bed-chamber" scenes had made any deep impression upon his mind, or to any degree allenged him from Mr. Beecher. And yet, according to Mrs. Thion, it was in 1865 that her husband first began to take to her about Mr. Beecher's improprieties with ladies whom he named, reports of which had reached Mr. Titton from some one whom she does not name. She says that as carly as that Mr. Titton worried about the hatter, and was famplicious of Mr. Beecher was asked to preside, the office being left to find the inatter, and was famplicious of Mr. Beecher was asked to preside, the office being left to find the inatter, and was famplicious of Mr. Beecher was asked to preside, the office being left to find the inatter, and was famplicious of Mr. Beecher was asked to preside, the office being left to find the inatter, and was famplicious of Mr. Beecher was asked to preside, the office being left to find the inatter, and was placed in the more more upon the Fourteenth and Friteenth Amendments written for Mrs. Woodhull by Mr. Titton; and finally written for Mrs. Woodhull by Mr. Titton; and finally written for Mrs. Woodhull by Mr. Titton; and finally the final the mass and between them to her husband.

In the Winter of 1866, Mrs. Tilton first became jealous of left has had not stand in the way."

In the Winter of 1866, Mrs. Tilton first became jealous of left has the more of the first time, received

on her missalth first time, received personal visits from Mr. Beecher.

On Sept. 6, 1886, Mr. Titton attacked in The Independent the letter of Mr. Beecher of Aug. 39 to the Cleveland Convention of Sailors and Soidiers. He says of Mr. Beecher in this article: "We know and love him well. No man's motives are purer." This criticism in The Independent was summed up as follows: "Mr. Beecher's public attitude at the present moment is the attitude of a man who is putting a great reputation to the imposite use of debasing his country. If, in wew of this awful fact, this journal were to lend, through silence, a seeming acquiescence, or even an implied palliation, we would justly be held an accomplice in the guilt. Since the occasion, therefore, compels us to speak, we have no other aiternative than to choose the strongest possible words of cendemation."

In a criticism of Mr. Beecher's second letter, explaining his first, in "The Independent of Sept. 13, was this scattence: "In the case of a man whose motives were not assolutely and unatterably above suspicient (as we know Mr. Beecher's have ever been and said are), such a course as he has pursued would inevitably and justly bring upon him the reproach of treachery to his country." Thus, notwithstanding the stories which Mr. Tilton had then beard regarding Mr. Beecher, and the "scence" to which he had been a witness, according to his recent statement, and in spite of the political excitement of the moment, Mr. Tilton testified to the purity of the statement of the moment of the country of the political excitement.

of Mr. Boscher's sermons was discontinued, and his con-nection with The Independent was broken off. Says Mr. Beecher: "Although Mr. Thiron and I remained per-sonally on good terms, yet there was a coolness between us in all matters of politics." Mr. Beecher's motives. About this time the prodication

sonally on good terms, yet there was a coolness between
us in all matters of nobities."
Under date of Doc. 28, 1856, Mrs. Tilton wrete the letter
already published, beginning, "I have been thinking of
my love for Mr. B. considerably of late. * * I think
I have lived a richer, happier life since I have known
him," &c. On Jan. 13, 1887, she says: "Pardon me if so
many of my letters are niked with accounts of my pastor's
visits," and she expressed the wish that "yon two dear
men were once more united in perfect sympathy." Frequently after this, in her letters, she betrayed her anxietv to have the misunderstanding between Mr. Beecher
and her husband reconciled.

On May 9, 4867, Mr. Tiltou wrote in The Independent:
"Under the ensuing editorskip of Mr. Beecher, owing

and her husband reconciled.

On May 9. 4867, Mr. Tilton wrote in The Independent:

"Under the ensuing editorship of Mr. Beecher, owing not only to the indisposition of the Congregational Churches to accept any usen for their mouthpiece, but owing still more to the eminently uneccessiastical and catholic tone of his mind—the paper was not administered as the organ of the Congregational churches, but as the organ of its editor-in-chief, which is the only proper theory for the conduct of a vital journal secular or religious. Mr. Beecher had a grand idea of the true function of the religious press, just as he has grand idea of other things. And The Independent, in his hands, was a noble power. With grateful pride we look back to our joint connection with that good man in this journal as a golden period in our life and labor."

On Jan. 31, 1868, Mrs. Tilton wrote to her husband: "Let us have not even a doubt of each other; though all the world were weak yet will we be strong." And on Feb. 1: "He" (referring to Mr. Beecher), "cannot by any possibility be much to me since I have known you." And on Feb. 3: "No demonstrations or fascinations could cause me to yield my womanhood."

On March 12, 1868, Mr. Beecher reciprocated publicly the kindly feelings expressed by Mr. Tilton in The Independent by dedicating "Norwood" to "Theodore Tilton, who greatly encouraged the author to begin and to persevere."

In 1868 Mr. Tilton claims that the letters from his wife

who greatly encouraged the author to beam and to persevere."

In 1868 Mr. Tilton claims that the letters from his wife
during his absence show that Mr. Beecher made 12 pastoral visits upon Mrs. Tilton in five weeks.

Get. 12, 1865, is the first date which Mr. Tilton mentions when criminal intimacy occurred between Mr.

Beecher and Mrs. Tilton. And this relation between
them, he charged, continued until the Spring of 1870.

In the meantime, Mr. Tilton seems not to have suspected anything wrong, since in Fibruary, 1869, he paid
tion to William Page for a portrait of Mr. Beecher. It
was white this was being painted that Mr. Beecher met
Mr. Moulton.

Some time in 1869 the secret misunderstanding be-

was while this was being painted that Mr. Beecher met Mr. Moulton.

Some time in 1869 the secret misunderstanding between Henry C. Bowen and Mr. Beecher attracted public notice in Plymouth Church, and H. B. Claffin, Mr. Freeland, and Mr. Howard were named by Mr. Beecher to inquire into the differences existing between himself and Mr. Bowen. Later, a meeting was arranged between them at Mr. Freeland's house, where certain points of settlement are said to have been proposed by Mr. Bowen and accepted by Mr. Beecher, in accordance with which Mr. Beecher authorized the printing of his sermons in The Independent.

About May 1, 1870, Mr. Tilton began to edit The Brooklym Union. On May 11, public letters passed between Mr. Beecher and Mr. Tilton as Presidents of the two woman suffrage associations. On May 25, Mr. Tilton made the following inscription in a copy of his "Sanctum Sanctorum:" "E. R. T. To the most patient of women, from the most provoking of men. T. T." During this Sammer Mrs. Tilton states, his wife made her confession of crimmal intercourse with Mr. Beecher. In July 1870, as Mr. Tilton puts it, her husband con-

her husband.

Between July 29 and 31, 1879, Mrs. Tilton was sick, and Mr. Beecher made his last visit to her was sick. her husband.

Between July 20 and 31, 1870, Mrs. Tilton was sick, and Mr. Beecher made his last visit to her, when, as Mr. Beecher says, she gave him no hint of any trouble having reference to him. In the Fall of 1870 Mr. Tilton is said to have confessed his own unfaithfulness to his marriace vows to Mrs. H. B. Stanton, who also alleges that Mrs. Tilton confessed her unfaithfulness to Miss S. B. Anthony, at which time there was a terrible scene in the Tilton home, and Mr. Tilton told Miss Anthony never to come there again. Mrs. Tilton in her examination before the Committee, says that she simply told Miss Anthony that her husband had charged her with this thing. When Mrs. Tilton returned from the West, this Fall, she says she found some one holding her piace in the household.

On Dec. 20, 1870, Mrs. Tilton had an interview with Mr. Beecher about her home troubles, and also with Mrs. Beecher, from which resulted the advice to separation, which was not accepted. Between Dec. 13 and 21, Mr. Tilton and Mr. Bowen had their interviews about the former's retiring from The Independent. This step was due to the growing dissatisfaction in the East and West, with the rapidly developing "heresies" which it was thought Mr. Tilton was advocating.

former's retiring from The Independent. This step was due to the growing dissatisfaction in the East and West, with the rapidly developing "heresies" which it was thought Mr. Titton was advocating. The seven Western coctors of divinity had then hurled their shot at The Independent's head, and the prosperity of the paper was impossible, and Mr. Bowen sought the other alternative. On Dec. 22, 1876, Mr. Titton delivered his valedictory as easter of The Independent, the paper really going to press on the 29th nast. On the 23th ne contracted with Mr. Bowen to be editer of The Brooking Union, and regular contributor to The Independent, with a salary for each of \$5.00, besides 10 per cent of the profits of The Union. Between the publication of the validictory and the signing of the new contracts, probably on Dec. 24, Oliver Jonnson, who edited the two following numbers of The Independent, told Mr. Titlon that Mr. Bowen had heard prejudicial stories about him. Mr. Tilton went (at once to see Mr. Bowen. On the same day ocgan Mrs. Titton's severa illness referred to in her testimony.

On Dec. 26 was held the interview bottween Mr. Tilton, Mr. Bowen, and Mr. Johnson, when Mr. Tilton said that Mr. Bowen, and Mr. Johnson, when Mr. Tilton said that Mr. Bowen, and Mr. Tilton and Mr. Bowen, as the former says, thou agreed upon the letter to Mr. Beccher, demanding that he leave the pulpit. Tills letter Mr. to his wife." Mr. Titton and Mr. Bowen, as the former says, then agreed upon the letter to Mr. Beecher, demanding that he leave the pulpit. This letter Mr. Bowen delivered to Mr. Beecher on the following day, when he taiked with him about the stories reflecting upon Mr. Titton's character, and told him the reasons why Mr. Titton was no longer editor of The Independent. It was on the 28th or 29th inst. that the seens between Mr. Titton and Mr. Bowen occurred in The Union office, after the latter had seen Mr. Beecher; but, according to Mr. Tilton, his interview with Mr. Beccher at Mr. Montton's nonse was before the contracts were broken, and when he had no knowledge that Mr. Bowen was to break them.

when he had no knowledge that Mr. Bowen was to break them.

The note from Mrs. Tilton, preparing the way for a meeting between Mr. Beecher and her husband, is supposed to have been written on Thursday, the 29th iest.

On Friday, Dec. 20, Mr. Tilton, took the note which his wife had written to his friend Moulton. Mr. Moulton hastened to Mr. Beecher's house, and told him to leave his prayer-meeting in other hands. Here was the unwitnessed meeting in other hands. Here was the unwitnessed meeting of Henry Ward Beecher and Theodore Tilton. That very might Mr. Beecher obtained from Mrs. Tilton a retraction of her charges of improper solicitation to her, and later she gave her husband gleiter withdrawing the retraction.

On Dec. 31, Mr. Moulton recovered from Mr. Beecher the retraction which Mrs. Tilton had given him. It was during December that Mrs. Woodhuil is said to have first heard in Washington the runors involving Mr. Beecher's good name.

Jan. I. 1871, was the date of the remarkable letter from Mr. Tilton to Mr. Bowen not received, and believed by the latter not to have been actually written until long after. It rehearsed the substance of various conversations previously held between them, and quoted from Mr. Bowen's Woodstock letter of June 16, 1883, above referred to, and they recites the circumstances of his disminstal from The Line. The two replies of Mr. Bowen

Mr. Bowen's Woodstock letter of June 16, 1863, above referred to, and then recites the circumstances of his dismilesal from The Union. The two replies of Mr. Bowen,
as published, bore no dates, but assured Mr. Tilton of his
good will, and authorized him to say on Mr. Bewon's
authority that his retirement from The Independent and
Daily Union was for no unfriendly reason.
On Jan. 1, 1871, Mr. Moulton again repaired to Mr.
Beecher's house, and at that interview the so-called
"apology" was made with a view to pence, but which
since served to bring to the surface the whole scandal.

On Jan. 2, Mr. Beecher and Mr. Tilton met at Mr. Moulton's house without appointment, when Mr. Beecher expressed contrition for what he had done, and offered to write a note to Mr. Bowen on account of his and his wife's interference in the business affairs of Mr. On Jan. 4 Mrs. Filton, in a letter to Mr. Moulton, de-nied that she had ever sought a separation from her

nied that she had ever sought a separation from her husband.
On Jan. 5 Mrs. Tilton wrote to a friend: "Dear Friend: A cruel conspiracy has been formed against my husband, in which my mother and Mrs. Beecher have been chief actors."

About this time Mr. Beecher went to Mr. Tilton's house two or three times. On Feb. 7, he wrote two letters, one to Mrs. Tilton, and another to Mr. Moulton, to be shown to Mr. Tilton, both of which were intended, as Mr. Beecher says, to reconcile her to her husband, and to cause her to have confidence in Mr. Moulton, Mr. Tilton also wrote a letter on the same day, in which he asserted that he bore Mr. Beecher 'no mailee," &c.

The Golden Age was established by Mr. Tilton and his friends, and he occame its editor. This enterprise was ravorably noticed by The Independent, and special efforts were made to prevent any marked differences arising from the views which the three papers, edited by Mr. Beecher, Mr. Bowen, and Mr. Tilton, openly held.

A brief but repulsive chapter in this scandal was fur-

by it. I should be destroyed, but he would not be saved."

On Feb. 7, Mr. Titton wrote to Mr. Meulton a letter of good will toward Mr. Beecher.

In March an article was put in type in The Golden Age office, including the letters of Mr. Titton to Mr. Bowen of Jan. 1, 1871. Mr. Moulton showed the slip to Mr. Beecher. Mr. Bowen also saw it. Mr. Titton read it to Mr. Wilkeson. All objected to its publication. The difference between Mr. Bowen and Mr. Tilton was submitted to arbitrators—H. B. Chaffin, James Freeland, and Charles Storrs—who accorded Mr. Tilton was submitted to arbitrators—H. B. Chaffin, James Freeland, and Charles Storrs—who accorded Mr. Tilton 7,000.

On April 2 the "tripartite agreement," suggested by Mr. Wilkeson, was drawn up, which was a disavowal of all charges and a promise of silence. On that evening, Mr. Wilkeson testdes that Mr. Elton declared to him emphatically that Mr. Beecher's only wrong against him was, that of making improper proposals to Mrs. Tilton; that the charges of grosser an were false.

On April 3 Mr. Tilton went to Mr. Wilkeson's office and refused to sign the "agreement." A day or two later the agreement, as amended by Mr. Tilton, was executed. Soon after, the relations between Mr. Tilton and Mrs. Woodhall were discontinued.

In August a paragraph appeared in an evening paper broadly hinting at the nature of the impending exposé. In September Mrs. Woodhall was, rediected President of the National Association of Spiritualists at Boston,

and in her speech of acceptance 'made a violent attack upon Mr. Beecher. Most of b's remarks were suppressed in the Boston newspay's offices.

In November occurred the publication of the Woodhull scandal. This had be'en announced for a certain number of her paper, but was in reality printed a week in advance and sent of er the country. Mr. Tilton was speaking in Maine and New-Hampshire at the time. On Nov. 18, according to Mr. Haliday's testimony, Mr. Tilton said: "My-wife is as pure as the light," and denied that he had ever charged criminal intimacy.

About the same time Mr. Tilton went to the Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs for advice. At his request Dr. Storrs read the Woodhull paper, but declined to give counsel without some knowledge of the facts about which counsel was desired. Mrs. Tilton then sent to Dr. Storrs a statement of what she had acknowledged to her husband in was desired. Mrs. Tilton then sent to be a substantial in ment of what she had acknowledged to her husband in the Summer of 1870—the improper proposal of Mr. Beecher to be to become his wife, and Mr. Tilton read what he termed his 'true story,' which assumed only improper advances on the part of Mr. Beecher. Dr. Storis gave the advice to 'speak the truth or keep stlence.' Mr. Beecher at this time wrote a letter to Mrs. Tilton, which was not published until the recent mrs. Tilton, which was not published until the recent

silence." Mr. Beecher at this time wrote a letter to Mrs. Tilton, which was not published until the recent outbreak.

On Dec. 21 Mr. Tilton wrote the letter to "My Complaining Friend."

On March 26, Miss Catharine E. Beecher addressed her much-quoted letter to The Tribune. To this Mrs. Woodhilf responded in her paper under date of April 3.

On April 19, a criticism of Mr. Beecher's sermons and of Mr. Beecher imself appeared in The Golden Age, in which was the following sentence: "To think one thing and say another—to hold one philosophy in public and another in private—to offer one morality to the multitude and keep another for one's self—is a degradation to no man so much as a minister, and a blot upon nothing so much as upon religion." This excited much attention and newspaper comment.

On May 1, Mr. Beecher mortgaged his house on Columbia Hights for \$5,000. which amount he testifies that he paid to Mr. Moulton for Mr. Tilton.

On May 2 The Thunderbolt was published by E. H. G. Clark of Troy, N. Y., professedly aimed against the Constock "conspiracy" to prevent the circulation of Mrs. Woodhuli's and G. F. Train's literature, but containing what was avowedly an abstract of Mr. Tilton's "True Story," and taking the ground that the "True Story," and taking the ground that the "True Story," was a falsehood and that in substance Mrs. Woodhuli's was the true one. This was immediately suppressed, before the mails could take it out of Troy.

On May 4 The Thunderbolt was reproduced in The Brooklyn Sunday Review, and a sensational interview with Mr. Tilton and others was telegraphed to The Chicago Times. The Ihunderbolt was followed by other articles by its author, in The Troy Press.

On Sunday, May 25, F. B. Carpenter was summoned to Mr. Beecher's residence by H. M. Cleveland, and met Mr. Tilton, Mr. Clafin, and Mr. Moulton at the latter's house, whence they all repaired to Mr. Beecher's perioder to The Tilton, Mr. Clafin, and Mr. Moulton at the latter's house, whence they all repaired to Mr. Beecher: "You can stand i

TRIBUES.

On June 1 Mr. Moulton wrote to Mr. Beecher: "You can stand it the whole case were published to-morrow."

This passage was written on both sides of the sheet, and once crossed out. On that evening F. B. Carpenter had another interview with Mr. Beecher. On the publication of the "Disavowal," Mr. Tilton was much disturbed, thinking that it put him in a false position. He informed Mr. Beecher that if he should not set the matter right before the public, he (Mr. Tilton) should do so. Mr. Beecher's card exculpating Mr. Tilton fluxily appeared.

ppeared.
It was also on June 1, according to Mr. Carpenter's It was also on June 1, according to Mr. Carpenter's statement, that Mr. Beecher said that "if Mr. Tilton would stand by him, he would snare his fame, his fortune, and everything he possessed with Mr. Tilton."

On June 4, Oliver Johnson, office editor of The Christian Union, wrote the letter to Mr. Tilton which the latter quoted in his statement of charges against Mr. Beecher. Mr. Johnson says that Mr. Tilton cave this a wrong construction, since it was written wholly upon the representations of Mr. Tilton himself.

The conversation between F. B. Carpenter, Edward D. Hgiton of Milwankee, a prominent Western Congregationalist, and Henry C. Bowen occurred this month in The Independent office. Sabstantially the same account of this has been given by both Mr. Halton and Mr. Carpenter.

account of this has been given by both Mr. Halton and Mr. Carpenter.

June 21 is the date of the reputed call of Mr. Bowen and Mr. Claffin upon Mrs. Woodhall to inquire into the proof of her charges against Mr. Beecher in the the proof of her charges against Mr. Beecher furnished to The Brooklyn Eagle, in which he said "that Mrs. Woodhall, or any other person, who may have letters of mine in their possession, have my cordial consent to publish them." Little of importance now occurred for some months, although the scandal was privately discussed.

some months, although the scandal was privately discussed.

On Oct. 16 D. M. Tallmadge, clerk of the Examining Committee of Plymouth Charch, notified to Mr. Tilton the charges which had been preferred against him by William F. West in July, and informed him that any reply neight be sent to the Committee on or before Oct. 23. The charge was, that he had "circulated and promoted scandals derogatory to the Caristian integrity of our paster, and lajarious to the reputation of this charch." This was accompanied with the specifications Mr. Tilton's reply was written at his residence on Oct. 23, in which he stated that he had terminated his connection with Plymouth Church four years before, and therefore could not receive the document. During the interval between the presentation of the charges to the Committee and the notification of Mr. Tilton, Mr. Beecher, under advice of Mr. Moulton, got the Committee to postpone the usual action, for the reason that Mrs. Tilton was still attending service at Plymouth Church. He at one time determined to resign, and wrote out his resignation, on the ground that he had been unsuccessful in queling the scandal affecting a family in the church. This was never sent, however.

On the evening of Oct. 31 the Committee made its re-

resignation, on the ground that he had been unsuccessful in quieting the scandal affecting a family in the church. This was never sent, however.

On the evening of Oct. 31 the Committee made its report to the church, recommending that since Mr. Tilton and abandoned his connection with the church his name he dropped from the roll of nembership. Mr. Tilton then arose and read a statement calling upon "the minister of this church" to speak if he had anything whereof to accuse him. Mr. Rescehar repiying said that he had no churges to make. The report of the Committee was adopted by a vote of 221 against 13.

Then followed the correspondence between Plymouth Church and the churches of the Rev. Drs. Storrs and Budangton, which resulted in calling the Congressional Council which assembled in the latter part of March, 1874, to consider questions of church government and redowship. These questions arose from the

On Dec. 5, 1873, the Examining Committee of Plymouth Church, to which had been referred charges of William F. West against Henry C. Bowen, reported that Mr. Bowen had given assurance that if there had seemed to have been a departure on his part from the tripartite agreement, he regretted it exceedingly. The Committee advised, therefore, that Mr. Bowen's assurances be taken as an answer to the charges preferred against him, and that the complaint be dismissed. Mr. Balliday stated that Mr. Bowen had denied the accusation, saving: "I have not violated that agreement." The resolutions of the Committee were adopted after some discussion. Mr. Bowen afterward entered a protest against the form of the resolutions, and the protest was referred to a committee. The protest and this committee's report was finally placed on the record, together with the statement of the clerk of the church.

Seon after the Council had been called, Mrs. Tilton went to Dr. Storrs and informed him that the statement from her which he had read fifteen mouths before, reflecting upon Mr. Beecher, was not written of her own motion, and was false.

While the Coupeil was in session, Mr. Tilton, addressed two letters to the Moderator, to explain his past refairness with Plymouth Church, in which he also dedied that he had "spoken falsely" of Mr. Beecher. These were not received by the Council, but were given to the public. The work of the Council, nated five days, although the discussion on the part of the press contumed without rest. From week to week the articles of the Rev. Dr. Leonard Bason, the Moderator, appeared in The Independent. These, as nileged, caused the production of the Bason letter of June 25, published in The Goden Age. This established the fact of an offense and an apology on the part of Mr. Beecher to Mr. Tilton, F. B. Carpenter states that in the original draft of this letter was the following sentence: "Knowledge came to me in 1871 that he (Mr. Beecher) committee day and offense which I forbear to name or characterize."

June 27

July 11-Mrs, Tilton left her home and went to Edward Ovington's.

July 13—Mr. Tilton addressed a letter to the Investigathin Committee station that he should make a full and
detailed statement before them as soon as he could pre-

pare it.

July 13—Francis D. Moniton made a brief statement.
July 20—Mr. Titton made his statement of charges,
which was in type the following afternoon.
July 22—Mr. Beecher's denial, and defense of Mrs. Til-

July 22—Ar. December to appeared.

July 23—Mrs. Tilton made a denial.

July 24—Mr. Beecher wrote to Mr. Moulton asking for letters and papers in his possession.

July 27—Mr. Tilton's cross-examination was published; also his complaint.

July 33—Mr. Tilton was arrested on a charge of libel.

July 31—Mrs. Tilton was questioned by the Committee and told har story.

July 31—Mrs. Fifton was questioned by the Committee and told her story.

Aug. 4—The complaint against Mr. Tilton was dismissed by Judge Riley. Mr. Beecher wrote a second letter to Mr. Moulton. Mr. Moulton replied on Aug. 5, and also promised the Committee to make a statement of the facts in his possession.

Aug. 10—Mr. Moulton declined giving his prepared statement, but presented the letters from which Mr. Tilton had quoted. Tilton had quoted.

Aug. 13-Mr. Beecher made his statement, which required two hours for its delivery, and was cross-examined for over three hours. On the following day his entire testimony was published.

MR. MOULTON'S POSITION. A LETTER FROM G. H. BEECHER. In the course of a second letter to The

Brookign Eagle G. H. Beecher says:

Moreover, Mr. Moulton has to meet the fact that heretotore he has believed Mr. Beecher to be innocent, and
declared such belief to a dozen or more witposses. Mr.
Moulton is in a dilemma. It is difficult to understand
how he could have considered him both innocent and
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how he Brookign Eagle G. H. Beecher says:

mony of Mr. Beecher's innocence to Assistant Pastor Halliday and others.

2. He allowed Mr. Halliday to take down in writing his most selemn assurances, to be used in the future in proving Mr. Beecher's innocence.

3. In assuming the innocence of Mr. Beecher in all his intercourse with him, speaking of him as his dear friend, and publishing that he "loves him as the apple of his eye.

friend, and publishing that he "loves him as the apple of his eye.

4. In allowing Mr. Beecher to be perfectly intimate in his family, and in social intercourse with his wife and children, who are members of Plymouth Church and Sabbath-school.

5. The letters which he wrote in reply to Mr. Beecher's.

b. The letters which he wrote in reply to Mr. Beecher's. It is an amazing pity that these have not been preserved, but in the thousands of letters which Mr. Beecher receives, these with the rest have gone to the waste basket. He never thought of guarding himself against the friend in whom he reposed the most implicit confidence and love. Luckily, as Mrs. Stowe related in my hearing, by the merest freak of good fortune, one of these stuck by him, and was found, but a search of the house revealed no more. In reply to Mr. Beecher's letter of June 1, 1873, Mr. Moulton answers, and twice repeats the assurance, "You can stand if the whole case were published to-morrow."

A TRIBUTE TO A DEVOTED WIFE. To the Editor of The Iribune.

SIR: Our daily journals have been filled with both praise and blame of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, but which among them has noticed the rare devotion and courage of his noble wife, who, believing her hus band to be true, has stood faithfully by him through the storm, and proved herself the true type of wifehood for all time to come f A weak woman might have been moved from her steadfastness of devotion by all this pressure of suspicion, conspiracy, and falsehood; but she has stood firm as a rock, and well deserved the commendation, "The heart of her husband doth safely trust in her. She will do him good and not evil all the days of her life. Her children arise up and call her blessed; her life. Her children arise up and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praises her." What true wife in the land could read without a thrill of pleasure and a rush of tears that grand seutence in her husband's testimony: "His affairs at home did not promise that sympathy and strength which makes one's house, as mine has been, in times of adversity, a refuge from the storm and a tower of defense." And what could be more touching than her midnight words, written from the depths of a full heart, too glad, too thankful, too happy for sleep! Thought I have no personal acquaintance with Mr. Beecher or herself, and no previous predilection in their favor, I say from my heart and believe every true woman will join with me in the exclamation, "God bless her, and make her long a blessing to her hu sband." South Orange, N. J., Aug. 15, 1874.

THE MARKET FOR LOVE-LETTERS.

THE MARKET FOR LOVE-LETTERS.

From The Brooking Union.

THE TRIBUNE wants to know "what is the highest market price for real, gushing, high-toned love-letters of the most spicy and erotic type 1" In the language of the Produce Exchange, we should say that the market was very flat and the surplus on hand excessive. They may have been attempting to get up a corner in that commodity in Chicago, but the industrious "Gath" has furnished a complete glat of "delicous darlings" and "espoused saints." "My sweets" and "my beloveds" are in such abundant supply that the demand is very inactive, and a revival in "darling pets" is not looked for by operators.

THE JERSEY CITY SCANDAL.

FUNERAL OF MISS POMEROY AND BAPTISM OF HER Soon after noon yesterday the friends of

the late Mary E. Pomeroy began to assemble in the cottage of J. S. Miller, in Van Reypen-ave., to pay the last tribute to the dead. During the morning sym-pathizing friends sent in tokens of their regard, and the stand that supported the casket was covered with floral offerings, among which were numerous emblematical devices in immortelles, white likes, roses, and tube-The silver plate on the cover was inscribed "Mary E. Pomeroy. Died Aug. 18, 1874, aged 26 years and 3 months." At 2 o'clock, the hour aunonneed for the funeral, the stream of people wishing to see the face of the deceased was still flowing, and the tuneral service was postponed for over an hour. The throng became more dense, filling the house and plazza, covering the yard and the street for two blocks. At 2:35 the Rev. Mr. Tunison of the Central-ave. Methodist Episcopal Church was escorted to an upper room, where the child, uncohecious of its loss, was lying to its crib, dressed in garments made by its unfortunate mother. Mrs. Miller, Miss Pomeroy's aunt, took the child in her arms, her husband taking his position at her side, and together they solemnly covenauted to supply the place of its natural parents. The Rev. Mr. Tunison invoked God to aid them in their undertaking and guide the infant's footsteps, that her earthly pilgrimage may be passed in purity and in the fear of the Lord. reading from Matthew xix., 14, he took the child in his arms, and asking the sponsors what its name should be, solemnly baptized it Ella Stewart Glen should be, solemnly baptized it Ella Stewart Giendenning. The ceremony was closed with a prayer,
Meantime below, several ladies had been overcome by
heat, before the minister descended to perform the
funeral coremony. The parior and hall doors were all
thrown open, and Mr. Tunison took a position about
midway down the stairs whence be preached an affecting sermon. The family wished to have a Presbyterian
clergyman officiate, but several that were sent for were
absent from the city, and Mr. Tunison, who had attended the girl in her dying hours, was requested to conduct the service. Among the friends in his antience tended the ziri in ner dying hours, was requested to conduct the service. Amons the friends in his autience
were a number of prominent residents, and the majority
of the congregation of the Prospectave. Presbyterian
Church. The remains were interred in Speer's Cemetery,
near Bergen-square, a short distance from her home, in
a to given by Postomaster Hellerman, the leader of the
choir in the church in which Miss Pomeroy was a member. Dr. Burdett, who attended Miss Pomeroy, was one
of the earlier callers yesterday, and he said that it was
better that she had died, for had she lived, her mental
condition was such that it would soon have been necessary to remove her to a lumite asylum.

The Rev. John S. Giendeuming took his usual morning

concition was such that it would soon have been necessary to remove her to a lunatic asylum.

The Rev. John S. Glendeuning took his usual morning walk on the Hights vesterday, called on several of his congregation, and at the office of G. P. Howell, one of his enders. When spoken to in relation to the scandal, he said: "When the dead shall have been decently burled, and the living tire of the gossip, I will make my statement. I can furnish such proofs as will set me right before my people and the public." It is generally believed that Mr. Glendenning's statement was submitted to the trustees of his church at their meeting on Wednesday night, but they refuse to make any statement. They believe that he is innocent, and, as far as can be learned, will prefer no charges against him to the Presbytery. Mr. Glendenning did not attend the funeral, and it is thought that he left town, as he was seen driving toward the ferry shortly before noon.

"Ited B. Pomeroy, the brother of the dead girl, and the only "arviving member of the family, did not know of his sister's decid until he arrived from Michigan at a late hour on Wednesday." Light, and he is overcome with grief. He denies the state.

"He denies the state." "His had be made threats against Glendenning, as he thinks, he says, that a guilty conscionce will be sufficient punishmen."

ATTEMPTED MURDER IN JERSEY CITY. About two weeks ago James Lahey, boss of

the night watchmen employed in the sugar refinery of

Matthlesen & Co. in Washington, Morris, Warren, and adjoining streets, in Jersey City, discharged Patrick Lee, one of the watchmen. Several days afterward he received an anonymous letter threatening to kill him unless he reinstated Lee, and several of his friends who heard Lee threatening advised hum to be on his guard, but he paid no attention, and kept at work as usual. On Wednesday evening Minnie Behrman and her brother, children of a man that has a store adjoining the entrance to the refinery cooper shop on Morris-st. saw two men lurking in the shadow of the entrance, and their stealthy movements attracted the children's attention. A few minutes before 2 o'clock Lahey came out of the cooper shop. When he stooped to insert the key to lock the door one of the mensprang forward and struck him on the head with a slung-shot. He was joined by the other man, and they would have killed Lahey had Officer Saddler been a minute later in answering the call for help. One of the assailants escaped and the other was arrested after a determined straggle and taken so the Gregory-st Station-house, where he gave his name as Thomas Campbell of No. 17. Twelfth-st., and his age 25 years. Lahey tried to walk, but fell after a few stens and was carried to the residence of Dr. Wolf, ou York-st., and from there removed to the Charry Hospital. Campbell was taken before Justice Keese for examination yesterday. He desied all knowledge of the affair, saying that he heard the row and ran to see what it was, when he was arrested. His story was positively denied by Officer Saddler and the children who saw the affray. Justice Keese committed him to answer for atrocoons assault and battery. The slung-shot was found in the street yesterfay, and will be presented as evidence against him on his triat. The police have faint hopes of capturing the other assailant, as they have no description of him. and their stealthy movements attracted the children's

CELEBRATION OF THE FALL OF MEXICO.

Tae Association of Veterans of the Mexican War held a special meeting last evening at their headquarters in Forty-fifth st. and Broadway, for the purpose of completing arrangements for the celebration the 27th anniversary of the surrender by the Mexican

HOME NEWS.

THERMOMETER, YESTERDAY, AT HUDSUTS, IN BROADWAY

PROMINENT ARRIVALS. Fifth Avenue Hotel-The Hon. George M. Robeson Fifth Avenue Hotel—The Hon. George M. Hobeson, correlary of the Savy, ex-Senator A. G. Cattell of New-Jersey, Congressing George W. Hender of Vermont, and Thomas Allen of St. Louis. ... Herecord House-Ex-Ger. Zehdios B. Vazze of North Carolina, Judge B. E. Williams of Amstrala, Junius S. Morgan of London, the Rev. W. E. B. Gunn of Liverynol, and Frederick W. Seward of Montrose, N. Y. ... New-York Hotel-Admiral J. R. Tucker of the Pervian Navy, and Lawrence Barrett, the schor. ... Hoffman House-clen. B. R. Cowen, Assistant Secretary of the Interior. ... Clarendon Hotel-Major Cocks of the British Army. ... Ottay House-Essin t. Stanton of Washington. ... Aster House-Gen. George P. Sets of Washington. ... St. Nicholas Hotel-J. H. Devereux, President of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company.

NEW-YORK CITY. A man, supposed to be John Derley of Troy,

was found insensible last evening at Variek and John Piercy, age 8, and Jerome Van Heugh ton, age 9, who were found lost in this city on Wednesday, remain unclaimed at Police Headquarters.

THE TRIBUNE has received for the Poor Children's Excursion Fand the following contributions : Abraham Lincoln Stern, New-York, 50c.; the late Stella Cohen, \$2; C. K., \$10; C. W. Frederickson, \$5; total,

James Stewart, age 45, of Forty-fifth-st. and Eleventh-ave., fell from the third story of the Museum of Art, at Seventy-seventh-st, and Eighth-ave., last evening to the cellar, and was so severely lejured that

evening, to the cenar, and he died soon afterward. Caroline Richard, age 43, was found in Cherry-st. last night, suffering from an injury of the spine, received by failing off a step-ladder, while clean-ing a house in Fifth-ave. She had wandered about the streets in this condition for several hours. She was sent to the Park Hospital.

The Young Men's Association approunce the next four entertainments to be held under its auspices beginning on Sept. 14. They will be continued throughout the year. There are no reserved seats at the recep-tions, and no admission tickets for sale to the public. The \$5 membership ticket admits a gentieman and lady

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, before Judge Donohue, Susan A. Snowden and Mary Snowden of No. 881 Sackett-st., Brooklyn, appeared and justified in \$10,000 as ball for Arthur C. Snowden, for-merly a clerk of the United States Lloyds, who was ar-rested at the suit of A. Poster Higgins in the first part of August, and placed in Ludlow-st. Jall. The ball was

The Roman Catholic section of the new burnal ground recently set apart for the interment of immigrants, on Ward's Island, was consecrated with appropriate ceremonies yesterday afternoon. Several prominent prests of the Roman Catholic Caurel were present. The services were conducted by the Very Rev. Wm. Quinn, Vicar General. Messrs. Starr, Stephenson, and Lynch of the Commissioners of Emigration were

A large registered package containing money was received at the Post-Office yesterday, the paper wrapper, which was of single thickness, being broken or rather worn apart, and the contents being exposed. A seal upon the cord with which it was tied would hardly have prevented the appropriation of the inclosed money if the package had passed through any dishonest hands. The sender evidently had little knowledge of the wear and tear of the ocean mail service.

On the night of Aug. 4, J. Lincoln Smith, age 40, a prominent merchant of Middletown, Conn., started from the Eastern District of Brooklyn for the New-Haven boat, which leaves Peck-siip, New-York, at 11 p. m. He was last seen on that night in Fourth-st, near Broadway, where he had gone to visit a friend whom he was unable to find. He was about 5 feet 10 hes in hight, with a light complexion. The police are The Floating Hospital of St. John's Guild

sailed up the Sound on the eighth excursion yesterday, having on board nearly 700 sick babies and mothers. The food consisted as usual of boiled rice, milk, bread, roast beef, corned beef, tea, crackers, &c. The music, which was kindly volunteered by Admiral Rowan, was under the direction of Signor Conterno. To-day the minth excarsion will leave the White Star Line Wharf at 8; Market-st., E. R., at 9, and Twenty-third-st., E. R., As the 5 p. m. train of the South Side Railroad was leaving the depot at the foot of Broadway, E.

D., yesterday, a man was seen to throw himself suddenly in front of the locomotive. Before the train could be stopped four ears had passed over him, and his head was almost severed from his body. He was about 45 years old, apparently a German, and had on a mixed gray coat and vest, and white and blue cotton pantalons. In his peckets was found a passport given in 1872 to Theodore Duncker, a turner from Gottingen. Capt. Kemble of the American ship Knickerbocker was arrested yesterday on a charge of cruelly

treating William Mullen, one of his sailors. Mullen says that, without any just cause, the captain kept him triced up by the hands for 48 hours. The captain's de fense is that Mullen was not a sailor, but a "stowa-way." He was held by Commissioner Stilivell in \$5,000 but for examination to-day. If it appears that Mullen never signed the shipping articles, the Commissioner will be obliged to dismiss the case for want of jurisdic-Arthur Montrose, a bookkeeper at No. 39

Wall-st., attempted suicide yesterday morning at his office by taking laudanum. One of the firm observed him lying on a lounge and supposed him to be asleen. but subsequently it was noticed that his eyes remained open and fixed, and steps were at once taken to revive him. He was removed to Park Hospital, where he soon became much better and is now believed to be out of danger. It appears from letters found upon him that Mr. Montrose, who is only 28 years old, recently lost his wife, who died to Elizabeth, N. C., and he has been greatly depressed ever since. At a meeting of the Commissioners of

Docks yesterday a communication was received from the New-York and Brooklyn Ferry Company, stating that they would withdraw their boats from the Grandst, ferry if the Department attempted to collect rent from them for the use of the ferry, and they had never competed for a lease for the same and acvery proposed to.
Robt. Taylor of No. 320 West Nineteenth-st., submitted a
bid to build piers in the North River on the new plan of
Chas. E. Hill, the pier to be 80 feet wide and 559 feet
long, and to be designated as No. 2. Proposition placed
on file, after which the meeting went into executive ses-

BROOKLYN

At a meeting of the Board of Health yesterday the offal contract to Cuas. Swift & Co. was re affirmed, upon the recommendation of A. K. Perry, the Attorney of the Board. The grocery store of John Dierken, at South

Fourth and Tenth-sts., was entered early yesterday morning by burglars, who robbed the money drawers of about \$12 and stole a gold watch and chain valued at \$150. No arrests have been made. Filipo, the Italian under arrest, supposed to

be our of the assassins of Turini, succeeded last night, with the aid of a nair, in throwing back the bolt of his cell in Raymand-st. Jail, and made his way to the corridor, where he was endeavoring to escape into the yard when he was discovered by one of the keepers, who sprang upon him and caught him just as he was about leaping out. He was placed in a more secure place and a watch placed over his movements. Another Italian was arrested last right and taken to Headquarters by Detective Corr. He was closeted a long time with Superintendent Folk and Inspector Waddy. After some time the stranger went away with the detective. It is not known whether he is a prisoner or a witness, as the police are reticent in the matter.

LONG ISLAND. RIVERHEAD.-This village was visited a day

or two ago by three young men who professed to be managing a traveling "show." They distributed posters throughout the village, informing the residents that a grand exhibition would take place at Terry's Hall. Besides the entertainment, presents to the value of several handred dollars would be distributed among the ticket-holders. When the evening for the entertain-

ment arrived the hall was illuminated, but the wullence only numbered about 12 persons. Soon after & o'clock the curtain rose, and three men appeared in one or two songs and dances. It was then announced by one of them that "the magic rope-triek" would be performed. The audience waited for about half as hour with arowing impatience, when one of the inventured seinful the curtain and found that the "troupe" lind vanished. He was the first to learn the secret of the "rope-triek", as he soon discovered that the performers had slid down a rope to the ground and e-caped, and it afterward appeared that they had forgotten to pay their hotel bills.

... The Suffolk County Teachers' fustitute will hold a session there beginning on the 31st inst., and continuing two weeks. The exercises will be conducted by Prof. H. C. Northam of Martinsburgh, N. Y., who will be assisted by Miss Cantrotte D. Himes of Oswego.

JAMESPORT.—The Methodist Episcopal camp-meeting

JAMESPORT.—The Methodist Entscopal camp-meeting will begin on Monday next, immediately after the closing of the Shelter Island meeting, which is now in progress.

NORTHFIELD .- Miss Sallie Hooper, age 80, has been committed to the County Poor-house under peculiar circumstances. She was the owner of a house and ot at Long Neck, which she agreed to deed to Mrs. Ann Eliza Lake and her husband, on condition that they Eliza Lake and her husband, on condition that they would maintain her during her life. The arrangement was made, and she went to reside with the Lakes, but she was made so uncomfortable that she was soon obliged to leave. She demanded the return of ner property, which was refused, and it is probable that her case will be taken up by the authorities.

EDGEWATER.—Jacob Schoen has began three suits for \$1,000 each against this village, for damages alleged to have been sustained in being thrown from his wagon through a defect in one of the roads, whereby he was seriously injured.

HUDSON RIVER COUNTIES.

SING SING .- The attendance at the camp neeting yesterday was not so large as expected. The main features of the day were a sermon by Bisher Janes on "Pernicious Habits," and the policemen's prayer meeting at 6 p. m., at which there was a large attendance....The body of Wm. D. Cronk, drowned from the steamer Olyphant on Saturday last, was found in the water at this place on Wednesday night.

MOUNT VERNON.—Joseph Insice, one of the veterans of the war of 1812, for the last eight years a resident of this place, died on Tuesday, age 81 years.

NEW-JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY-Rose Commisky, a domestic is the employ of Mr. Keyser, in Britton-sl., was arrested and committed for trial yesterday, charged with steal ing from her employers. Some of the stelen property was found in her possession....Miss Erick Jones. young was found in her possession... Miss Erick Jones, youngest daughter of Jailoress Jones, fell from a carriage in
the jail grounds yesterday and broke her callar-bone....
The County Physician's report for the month ending
yesterday shows 11 suicules, 13 fatal railread accidents,
3 murders, 36 cases of drowning, 38 sudden deaths from
natural causes, and 13 accidental deaths from other
causes... A train of five construction cars broke losse on
the inclined plane on the western end of the Delaware,
Lackawana and Western tunnel yesterlist, and were
smashed at the bottom. No one was hart... Patrick
Kelly, the boy intured by diving from the Union Dock
and striking a sunken pile, died at an early hour yesterasy in the Charity Hospital.

Neware... A number of lanor-dealers are to be tried NEWARK .- A number of hquor-dealers are to be tried

and striking a sunken pile, died at an early hour yesterday in the Charity Hospital.

Newark.—A number of higher-dealers are to be tried
next Saturday afternoon for selling liquor on Sanday

... Two men have been arrested for secalling a purse
containing \$110 from Patrick McCae ... An inquest was
held yesterday on the body of Joseph Dagat, the fiolian
whe was killed at Market-st, depot Wednesday morning.
The testimony showed that the flagman and curfmer
gave the proper signals, but it was evident that there
should be a flagman at each crossing. The jarv rendered a verdict exonerating the engineer and flagman
but called attention to the fact that further procautions
should be taken by the Rairoad Company to prevent
accidents which are of such frequent occurrence at
that depot... A buil has been filed in Chameery and application made for an injunction in behalf of the caldren of Mrs. Eliza A. Crane, who formerly resided in
Bridge-st, restraining the payment of a legacy of
\$100,000 to the North Reformed Church, on the ground
that the church was not incorporated at the time of her
death, and that the church now holds real estate of a
larger income than it is entitled to have.... C. H. Condit,
of this city has been appointed a delegate from the National Board of Steam Navigation to the should meeting to be held in Builalo on Styl. 2... Gov. Parker was
in this city in consultation with leading Democratic politicians on Wednesday last.

ELIZABETH.—While Officer Condon was patroling
First-st, ou Wednesday last.

ELIZABETH, while Officer Condon was patroling
First-st, ou Wednesday last,
he found a large crowd had collected about Maria. He
pushed his way through, and was about taken Maria,
prisoner when he was assailed by the friends of Maria.
The officer was knocked down, and beaten and kicked
by the raffians until he was braised and covered with
blood. The police were informed of the distardance, and Capit. Flannigan, with a squad of
police, hurriedly went to Officer Condon's assistance, and Capit. Fl rested yesterday, and held in definition on its trian-Bayonne.—Win. Bodine, an engineer on the Central Railroad, age 33 years, not down from his engine on Wednesday to repair the pump. He crawled under it, and finding the lever on the conter, called to a break-man to throw it forward a little. The man caught the lever and by some means drew it so that he was thrown through the car window, and the engine passed over Bodine, the ash-pan ergamps him to earth. The beats

Union Hill .- The Town Council has authorized the Assessor to ruise \$29,723 00 for the current year.

[Almountements.] To beautify the hair-BURNETT'S COCOAINE Lyon's Magnetic Insect Powder is the

LYON'S INSECT POWDER will surely clear our house of all best-bugs, fless, moths, and cocaroaches.

H. N.SQUIRE, 97 Fulton-st., N. Y .- Watches,

PHELPS, DODGE & Co., IMPORTERS OF METALS.

TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIJ, WIRE, &c.

SILVER

THE GORHAM COMPANY,

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JOSEPH BACHNAN & SONS. No. 3 MAIDEN-LANE.

EDWARD W. COIT, IRON AND METAL COMMISSION MERCEANT,

205) WALNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR.'S

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BEST LOCATION IN THE WORLD

Merchandise, Furniture, Works of Art, &c.

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PLENTY OF MONEY ALWAYS ON HAND

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT

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